

# SAFETY DATA SHEET QDek QD2302 PVC Membrane Adhesive Canister CA Compliant

1. Identification

**Product identifier** 

Product name QDek QD2302 PVC Membrane Adhesive Canister CA Compliant

Product number USA

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Application** Canister Spray Adhesive

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier QDEK Roofing Adhesive

5710 F St, Omaha NE 68117

(402) 731 3636 (402) 731 1473

marketing.us@quin-global.com

**Emergency telephone number** 

Emergency telephone Chemtrec: 1 800 424 9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Press. Gas, Compressed - H280 Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H315 Resp. Sens.

1 - H334 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Human health The liquid may be irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Symptoms following

overexposure may include the following: Headache. Dizziness. Nausea, vomiting.

Label elements

**Pictogram** 







Signal word

Danger

**Hazard statements** H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary statements** 

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C /122°F.

Contains

Methyl Acetate, Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, Proprietary Propellant Mixture

#### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Methyl Acetate	30-60%
CAS number: 79-20-9	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	
Acute Tox. 4 - H312	
Acute Tox. 4 - H332	
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
STOT SE 3 - H336	

#### Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

10-25%

CAS number: 26447-40-5

#### Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H332

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

Eye Irrit. 2A - H319

Resp. Sens. 1 - H334

Skin Sens. 1 - H317

Carc. 2 - H351

STOT SE 3 - H335

STOT RE 2 - H373

## **Proprietary Propellant Mixture**

5-10%

CAS number: -

#### Classification

Press. Gas, Compressed - H280

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

hydrocarbons

hydro carbons

#### 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

General information Remove affected person from source of contamination. Place unconscious person on their

side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention if any

discomfort continues.

**Inhalation** Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person

by administering oxygen. Get medical attention.

**Ingestion** Get medical attention immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Do not induce vomiting. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing.

**Skin Contact** Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash

skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Only remove contact lenses if the

person is conscious, coherent and they can remove them themselves If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. If in doubt, get

medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation May cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. May cause eye and respiratory system

irritation. Overexposure may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and

intoxication.

**Ingestion** Aspiration hazard if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion may

cause severe irritation of the mouth, the esophagus and the gastrointestinal tract. May Cause the following effects: Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Central nervous system depression. Nausea, vomiting. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may

cause chemical pneumonitis.

**Skin contact** May be absorbed through the skin. Product has a defatting effect on skin. The liquid is

irritating to eyes and skin. A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects:

Dryness and/or cracking.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation. Burns can occur. A single exposure may cause the following

adverse effects: Pain. Conjunctivitis, irritation, tearing. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Prolonged

contact causes serious eye and tissue damage.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

## Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards

Pressurized container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above 50°C/120°F Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

## Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

clothing.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions For personal protection, see Section 8. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of

ignition near spillage.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental precautions** Avoid discharge into drains. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-

combustible material.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Stop leak if possible without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

#### 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Container must be kept tightly closed when not in use. Use explosion proof electric equipment. Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in the

original container. Pressurized container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above

50°C/120°F

Specific end uses(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

## 8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Methyl Acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 250 ppm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 200 ppm 610 mg/m³ ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

#### **Exposure controls**

#### Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls

This product must not be handled in a confined space without adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists. As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist.

Eye/face protection Wear chemical splash goggles.

**Hand protection** Use protective gloves.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or

prolonged vapor contact.

Hygiene measures DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating,

smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes

contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not

eat, drink or smoke.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. If exposure levels are likely to be exceeded, use a half face mask fitted with an organic vapor filter for short term low level exposures. For long term or high level exposures, a supplied air respirator should be used.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Color Clear liquid.

Odor Characteristic.

Initial boiling point and range >35 deg C

Flash point <21°C Relative density 1.08

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 0 g/l.

#### 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

**Conditions to avoid** Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials:

Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

**products** Hydrogen chloride (HCl). Nitrous gases (NOx).

## 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 1,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 2,200.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 17.97

Toxicological information on ingredients.

#### **Methyl Acetate**

#### Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

5,000.0

49.28

11.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 2,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 1,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC<sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)

**Species** Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub> 5,000.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 5,000.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rabbit

Revision date: 12/28/2018 Revision: 6 Supersedes date: 11/30/2017

# QDek QD2302 PVC Membrane Adhesive Canister CA Compliant

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) Harmful if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

11.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Irritating to skin.

Animal data Dose: 0.5 mL, 4 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Moderate to severe

erythema (3). Edema score: Slight oedema - edges of area well defined by definite

raising (2).

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Sensitizing.

Skin sensitization

**Skin sensitization** Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Sensitizing.

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Suspected of causing cancer.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure STOT RE 2 - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

12. Ecological information

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

14. Transport information

Air transport notes Cargo aircraft only. <75kg

**UN Number** 

**UN No. (ICAO)** 3501 **UN No. (DOT)** 3501

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (TDG) Chemical Under Pressure, Flammable, N.O.S. (Methyl Acetate, METHYLENEDIPHENYL

DIISOCYANATE)

Revision date: 12/28/2018 Revision: 6 Supersedes date: 11/30/2017

# QDek QD2302 PVC Membrane Adhesive Canister CA Compliant

Proper shipping name (IMDG) Chemical Under Pressure, Flammable, N.O.S. (Methyl Acetate, METHYLENEDIPHENYL

DIISOCYANATE)

Proper shipping name (DOT) Chemical Under Pressure, Flammable, N.O.S. (Methyl Acetate, METHYLENEDIPHENYL

DIISOCYANATE)

Transport hazard class(es)

DOT hazard class 2.1

Transport labels



Packing group

Packing group (International) Not applicable.

#### 15. Regulatory information

National regulations The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (S.I 2009)

No. 716).

Guidance CHIP for everyone HSG228.

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations.

Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131.

#### **US Federal Regulations**

## SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

Present.

Methyl Acetate

Fire Acute Chronic Health hazard

#### **US State Regulations**

## California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins

Present.

Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

#### Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

Methyl Acetate

Present

## New Jersey "Right To Know" List

Methyl Acetate

Present.

## Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

Methyl Acetate

Present.

#### Inventories

#### Canada - DSL/NDSL

Methyl Acetate

Present.

#### **US-TSCA**

Methyl Acetate

Present.

#### 16. Other information

Revision date 12/28/2018

Revision 6

Supersedes date 11/30/2017

**SDS No.** 22417

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Hood H. Causes serious eye ii

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

NFPA - health hazard Irritation, minor residual injury. (1)

NFPA - flammability hazard Ignites easily. (3)

NFPA - instability hazard Unstable if heated. (1)

ACA HMIS Health rating. Moderate hazard. (2)

**ACA HMIS Flammability** 

rating.

Extremely flammable. (4)

ACA HMIS Physical hazard

rating.

Normally stable. (0)

ACA HMIS Personal

protection rating.

В

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE** 

**PRODUCT LOGO** 

The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. The manufacturer MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of this product, many of which are solely within the user's knowledge and control, the user is responsible for determining whether the usage of this product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for the user's method of use or application. It is essential that the user, not the manufacturer, evaluates this product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for the user's method of use or application.